

The Brandon Mail.

VOL. 4.

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NO. 3

The Weekly Mail

Published every Thursday at 10 o'clock for the week ending on the following day, and will contain all the news of the day, and a full summary of all local, provincial and Dominion news, and carefully written editorials upon all public questions.

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ADVERTISING RATES.

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20 lines	40.00	25.00	15.00	8.00
30 lines	55.00	35.00	20.00	10.00
40 lines	70.00	45.00	25.00	12.00
50 lines	85.00	55.00	30.00	15.00

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Advertisements under "Local" heads in reading matter, 10 cents per line each insertion.

No papers and no advertisements discontinued until all arrears are paid.

C. CLIFFE, Editor and Publisher.

LEGAL.

HENDERSON & HENDERSON,
Solicitors, Notaries Public, etc.,
Rosedale Avenue, Brandon.
Money to loan on improved farm property.
D. C. A. Henderson, H. E. Henderson.

RUSSELL & COOPER,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Office of Freehold, Lease and Savings Company.
Corner Ave., between 7th & 8th St., Brandon.
James Russell, D. H. Cooper.

WALLACE McDONALD,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR & NOTARY PUBLIC
MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE
AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.
Corner Rosser Ave. & Eleventh Street.

MEDICAL.

DR. SPENCER,
(M.D., M.C., Univ. McGill, Montreal.)
Member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons, Quebec and Manitoba.
OFFICE AND RESIDENCE,
NORTH ST., NEXT THE SCHOOL HOUSE,
BRANDON.

DR. L. M. MORE,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR.
Graduate of the University of Toronto, M.C.P.
and M.D. Ontario and Manitoba.
Office and Residence, Cornhill & Ste. W's Block,
Corner Rosser Avenue, Brandon.

DENTAL.

F. E. DOERING,
DENTIST,
Gas for Painless Extraction of Teeth.
Office: near Atkinson & Nation's store, McLeod's Block, corner Rosser Avenue and 8th Street, Brandon. Entrance on Rosser.
Gold filling a specialty.

DICKSON and BASTEDO,
DENTISTS,
Opp. Fleming's Drug Store.
Entrance on Rosser Avenue.

ANESTHETICS ADMINISTERED FOR
PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH

DR. J. A. G. L. S. JAMES BASTEDO, D.D.S.

A. F. & A. G. R. M.
The regular meeting night of Brandon Lodge, No. 1, is on Tuesday in each month.
Visiting brethren invited.

F. W. PETERS, W. Sec.,
F. L. MULLIGAN, F.M.

EDWIN L.O.L. No. 1501.
Meets WEDNESDAYS, on or before Full Moon at 8 o'clock in Winter and 7 o'clock in Summer, at the
ORANGE HALL.

—OR—
EDWIN L.O.L. ORIGINALLY INVITED
FRANCIS CLEGG, W.M.
James Reay, R. Sec.

EDWIN L.O.L. No. 1501.

BUSINESS CARDS.

FRED. TORRANCE, B. A., V. S.
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate of McGill University, and of the Montreal Veterinary College.
Veterinarian for the Counties of Brandon and Dennis
Residence: Eleventh Street, Brandon

R. P. MULLIGAN,
WHOLESALE WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,
Sixth Street, Brandon, Man.

L.O.L. No. 1501
Meets in their Hall, Plum Creek every Tuesday on or before Full Moon

YOUNG BROTHERS, OMAHA, IOWA

J. YOUNG, W. M.
R. REID, Secretary.

1690.

L. O. L. meets on the FIRST MONDAY IN EACH MONTH in their rooms, corner of 4th St. and Rosser Av. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

Wm. WILSON, Master.
E. H. MANCHESTER, Sec.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. Jesiah JENKINS, Station D, New York City.

MEDICAL HALL,

Opp. Dom'n. Express Office,
Brandon, Man.

Just arrived, a lot of

Pear's Soap & Cosmetics,

LOBIN'S PERFUMES.

Colgate's Cashmere Bouquet,

Perfumes & Soaps.

Also all the leading

ENGLISH, AMERICAN & CANADIAN

Patent Medicines.

N. J. HALPIN,

CHEMIST & DRUGGIST.

OYSTERS!

Fresh, Select Oysters by the Gallon, Quart or Pint, to be obtained at the

OCCIDENTAL RESTAURANT.

10th Street, South of Rosser.

LUNCHES AND OYSTER SUPPERS AT ALL HOURS, IN ANY STYLE.

First-Class CONFECTIONARY AND FRUIT

Choicest brands of CIGARS

and TOBACCO.

Oysters by the Gallon or Quart, supplied to the surrounding district at wholesale prices.

Mrs. E. CHUBB.

G. & D. CASSELLS,

Bakers and Confectioners,

ROSSER AVE.

BRANDON.

The Best in the Market Always on hand at the Lowest Prices.

TOWN TOPICS

Auction sale, dry goods, groceries, &c.

Coombs & Stewart's old stand—Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week at 10:30 sharp.

Thos. Rutledge and Thos. Scott had a pool match at the Grand Central the other night, that created a little interest. Scott, however, came out ahead.

While the Ontario papers are talking of show blockaded railways and cancelled trains, we in Manitoba are enjoying excellent sleighing with but five or six inches of snow.

As the Queen is to celebrate the jubilee of her reign this year, she has decided to confer the order of knighthood upon all the mayors of the realm. Sir Charles Adams will sound well and can only be excelled by Baron Patrick Murphy.

Ald. Hughes was hardly treated fairly by the council the other day, when he was refused a position on the finance committee. No doubt Ald. Alexander will make a good chairman of finance, his business experience is assurance for that; but from past service Mr. Hughes was entitled to the preference, when he desired it.

Rapid City matters are on the quiet side. It appears two residents, Messrs. McNaught and Head, the first named last year's mayor, hold a judgment for \$320 against the town, and at the last meeting \$10,000 in debentures were laid on the table to be handed over as a bonus to the railway company, when they were "grabbed" by the sheriff's officer to satisfy the judgment. The new council are now at a loss to know how to raise the \$320, as it is apparent the most substantial assets of the place, the two newspaper plants, would hardly bring that sum if put up for sale.

Mr. Porter returned on Thursday last from his visit to Ontario, and is wishing his friends the compliments of the season.

The balance of the Coombs & Stewart stock to be cleared out by auction, commencing to-night at 10:30. C. E. Miller says it must go.

Mayor Adams went east to Toronto last week, where he is opening a branch of his harness business, or rather, a supply depot for his firm's shops in the Northwest. He will return in a few weeks.

The other evening Pat Murphy told Willie Cliffe, a six-year-old youth, while on the rink, he would cut the boy's ears off and make soup of them. The boy was anxious to know if Pat would boil them in the tar barrel.

Mr. A. M. Peterson was married to Miss Templeton, sister of Mrs. W. J. White, of this city, on Thursday last, and has since been receiving the congratulations of his many friends. From this day forward we may expect more slashing editorials.

The Free Press has a big roster, the one that did the big crowing after the Ontario elections, having a rest over the contests in Manitoba, and has offered the game "foul" to Pat Murphy at a low figure. Pat says he would lay the "baste" but for the simple fact that "circumstances over which he has no control" force him to do his own crowing.

The Grits will have it that Mowat never gerrymandered Ontario, and that the people of that Province are with Mowat. The returns, however, prove the contrary, there were 1,306 more votes cast for the Conservative candidates than were cast for their Grit opponents. This is the best of evidence the province has been manipulated, and the country has not representation by population.

It is now apparent we are to have the battles of Gog and Magog fought over again. Already protests are entered as below, and more are to be entered in a day or two. Better declare the whole general returns illegal, and have the general elections over again—East and West, Minnedosa, Russell, West Brandon, Carleton Place, Emerson, Carleton, N. Winnipeg, S. Dufferin, Woodlands and St. Andrews.

Mr. J. L. Grant, of Groulx, has taken a new departure in procuring transfers of real estate that ought to work very satisfactorily. He has a very large acquaintance in England, and is very frequently written to about the openings and chances in this country, and he wants to be in a position to give practical advice. He is now open to receive offers from all who wish to sell their farms and are ready to furnish particulars and lowest prices. Thus fortified he is in a position to give information to his English correspondents. It appears to us this is a practical and very reasonable way to bring about sales and purchases.

We had a talk a few days ago with the travelling of the Oxbridge Organ Co., of Oxbridge, Ont., and learned from him that the company during the last year had been doing a very large business. They received an order from London, Eng., for a load a month for over twelve months, and the company have sold to one dealer in Montreal, P. Q., eight car loads of organs during the last year. They have received orders from France, from Africa, from Australia, and they have an order now to ship to Sydney and Melbourne, Australia, a car load of organs; and also an order for two car loads for Europe—all to be shipped as soon as possible.

A distressing accident befell R. Scott, who lives near Shoal Lake, in crossing the Assiniboine on the ice, in a sleigh, to reach the city, on Wednesday evening last. By some means the horses took fright and the sleigh, in sliding around, brought his thigh between it and a stump, causing a very bad fracture. There were two ladies in the sleigh at the time, and one of the number was also considerably bruised about the head and neck. The team breaking loose at the moment of the accident ran away, and were not captured for some hours after. One of the ladies covered Mr. Scott, while lying on the ground, as well as she could, and went in search of help, and in a short time several went to the rescue. Mr. Scott was then removed to the Grand Central hotel, and after much difficulty Dr. More, who has been very attentive to the patient, succeeded in setting the limb and leaving the sufferer as comfortable as possible.

Mr. McMillen, connected with an electric light company, that has an extensive business in the Northwestern States, has been in the city for some days perfecting arrangements for extending the operations to this place. The company have now the lights in successful operation in Vancouver and Victoria, B. C. The system is the same as that used in Montreal and many other places in eastern Canada. It is used the same as gas, and is in strength about a third greater than the ordinary coal oil lamp, and in cost is about the same as oil at 40 cents a gallon, leaving the question of expense of lamps out altogether. The factory to be located here will cost, all told, about \$40,000, and will employ three or four men. The light will of course be transmitted by wire on the principle of telegraphy, though the internal arrangements are something after the plan of gas-fittings. Mr. McMillen hopes to be able to commence here with about 250 lights, and to have the business in successful operation in about six months. The intention is to form a stock company in the place, and to take up themselves whatever stock may not be subscribed by local men, the whole business to be under the control of a local board. No doubt he will fully explain the principle to our local minded men and if the control be vested in them, the enterprise ought to meet with success, in the full meaning of the term.

Commencing to-night at 10:30, and continuing Friday and Saturday nights of this week, a great auction sale of dry goods, groceries, &c. Coombs & Stewart's old stand—J. K. Shirley auctioneer.

There will be a meeting of the Liberal Conservative association of Daily, in Daily school house, on Tuesday, Feb. 1st, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of officers for the present year.

The Mayor and Ald. Hughes deserve the thanks of the public for the satisfactory manner in which they disposed of that gravel lot business in Winnipeg the other day. By getting the owners to accept \$1,100 and retain the lots, the city has saved several hundred dollars.

The following is from Mr. Sharman of the Breckinridge Stock Farm. We shall be pleased to hear from the gentleman as often as he can make it convenient to offer contributions on stock matters: The two-year-old heifer "Princess" winner of 1st at St. Boniface and Carberry, and 1st and sweep stakes for best heifer on the ground at Brandon last fall, has just dropped her first calf, a red bull sired by young "Starbuck." This heifer was the admitted of all admirers wherever shown, but the general remark made was too fat to breed. Our show cow "Bella" who took 1st at St. Boniface, Carberry and Brandon, is wintering finely, and is as fit for the show ring today as she ever was. "Belle 4th" has made a wonderful growth since the fair and will be heard from later.

THE SOUTH.

A stroll through the southern part of Manitoba discloses an entirely altered state of affairs since the C. P. R. put in an appearance a few months ago. Many of the places that were abandoned in despair, the tenants fearing they were never likely to get a railway, are being taken up again, and in a year or two the entire country will be well settled. Bow-savin is a thriving little town though the appearance of the buildings would indicate they were thrown together for the purpose of removal, in case the depot should not be permanently located there. Now, however, that this point is settled, business has taken a stand and substantial form. Among the pioneers is our old friend George Morton, who appears to be doing well in a variety of lines of trade—as a general merchant, saw-mill owner, grain buyer, and, if we mistake not, as a J.P. He is energetic and deserves success. Among the other prominent business men of the place are: McKnight, post master; Bain, merchant; Cook, brook, merchant; and T. Nichol. Mr. Hutchins handles hardware, Cowan & Wright drugs, Tatchell, wheat and grain; Sheppard, boots and shoes, &c. &c. There are two or three good hotels in the place, our townsmen, Messrs. Strupp & Headley, running the leading one. There are also doctors, lawyers, and all the other advance guards present. The place is in a good centre and is certain to do a fine local trade.

Ten miles to the west is Whitewater station at which as yet, no business has been opened.

Ten miles from this again is Deloraine station, one of the pleasantest looking little places along the line. Already Messrs. Sault and McFadden have two hotels well under completion that would do credit even to a place the size of Brandon. Messrs. Boyd and Waile are handling the lumber business; Messrs. McKinnon, Cook Bros., and Cavers are doing the principal general trade. Mr. Cavers being an old resident of old Deloraine and having a very large connection. Our townsmen, D. Edie, is to the front with a promising fruit and restaurant trade. Messrs. Wilson & Co., of this city, have an extensive furniture trade, and all other lines are well represented. The Messrs. Stuart seem to be doing a promising business there, it is of a decided advantage to the place. Mr. A. P. is registrar and Mr. F. T. administers the law, and both join in administering the gospel, in so far as a local banking business can administer it. They are doing an excellent business and filling a long felt want. Messrs. J. E. Woodworth, S. A. Headley, T. H. Towers—all well known in Brandon are the principal wheat buyers, and they often dart into strokes of competition that are relished by the people. There are also doctors, drug stores, liveries blacksmiths, &c., present. The country court is held here, and, of course, the officials reside there. Mr. Bisher is Dominion Lands agent, and Mr. J. A. Hays, money lender to the people. Of course it is hard to say what railways may do for the place, but it is sure to do, at any rate, a good local business.

GLENWOOD COUNCIL.

Glenwood Council met January 11th, 1887, present, councillors Kerr, Fenwick, Sowden, Hall, Henderson and Hitchcock.

W. J. Sowden in the chair.

Minutes of last meeting read and adopted.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From W. Saunderson re interest on school money.

Applications for assessorship as follows: A. Lovatt, H. Leston, J. Young, G. Wood, T. Lockhart; for treasurer, J. A. Ovas, clerk, J. Dolmage.

MOIIONS.

Hall—Hitchcock—That this council adopt By-law No. 1, prepared for the guidance of this council.—Carried.

Fenwick—Kerr—That a by-law be introduced to appoint auditors for 1887.—Carried.

Fenwick—Kerr—That this council adopt for the year 1887, the assessment roll of the municipality made during the year 1886 with the exception of personal property, subject to the exception of the court of revision and county judge.—Carried.

Hitchcock—Kerr—That A. Fenwick, T. H. Hall, the clerk and treasurer be a committee to revise the list of arrears of taxes to take a Solicitor's advice on any question re taxes and to meet any party claiming any rebate, said

committee to meet on Friday evening 14th inst., and to report at next regular meeting.—Carried.

Fenwick—Kerr—That the Treasurer settle with J. Cresin according to the school act.—Carried.

Hall—Henderson—That A. M. Peterson be appointed solicitor for this municipality for 1887.—Carried.

A. Fenwick—G. Kerr—As an amendment, that T. M. Daly be reappointed solicitor for this municipality.—Carried.

Hitchcock—Hall—That the court of revision for this municipality be held on June 6th 1887.—Carried.

Fenwick—Henderson—That T. H. Hall and W. J. Sowden be appointed a committee to investigate the salaries of the treasurer.—Carried.

Hitchcock—Fenwick—That T. H. Hall, A. Fenwick and T. Henderson be appointed as a school committee.—Carried.

Fenwick—Kerr—That T. H. Hall, G. Kerr and the mover be appointed as a read and bridge committee.—Carried.

Fenwick—Hitchcock—That J. S. Hitchcock, W. J. Sowden and A. Fenwick be appointed as a finance committee.—Carried.

By-law No. 91 to raise by way of loan \$2000. By-law No. 92 to appoint auditors, read, passed and signed.

Councillor Kerr appointed to report on the culvert on town line between Oakland and Glenwood reports that it is in every way satisfactory.

Fenwick—Henderson—That the report of councillor Kerr be adopted.—Carried.

Kerr—Hitchcock—That the communication of W. Saunderson be laid over for consideration.—Carried.

Kerr—Fenwick—That an order be signed in favor of John Bradley for \$1.50 for statute labor.—Carried.

Fenwick—Kerr—That the following accounts be paid: J. Dolmage, election expenses \$62.40; A. H. Carroll, Glenwood's share of building culvert between Glenwood and Oakland, \$12.50; G. Kerr inspecting culvert, \$3.00.

Fenwick—Kerr—That this council adjourn to meet again on Jan. 14th at one o'clock.—Carried.

Escape and Recapture of Lone Man.

Lone man, who escaped from Fort Saskatchewan on Friday morning of last week, was captured on Saturday evening near Clover Bar. After leaving Fort Saskatchewan he travelled nearly due north, stopping at Jas. Port's place, at the edge of the Beaver hills, to get something to eat. Leaving there he travelled several miles into the hills, using every device to throw the police off his track, and then turned and came out of the hills back of Clover Bar. The police followed his track in the snow until he got on the Fort Saskatchewan trail when they lost it, and had to give up the chase for the night. The Indian was not far away when they gave up the chase for the night, and passed the night, a bitterly cold one, in a hay stack. On Christmas day the search was resumed in the Clover Bar settlement, but without success during the forenoon. In the afternoon, however, just after the police had left Mr. Stephens' place on the way home the Indian came in. He was suffering greatly from cold and hunger, the toes of both feet being badly frozen. Mr. Stephens gave him something to eat, and sent his son to Edmonton to inform the police. They immediately started down, and captured him as he was leaving the place, brought him to Fort Saskatchewan on Sunday morning. How he entered the cold of Christmas eve is a mystery. His clothing consisted of a blanket and shirt, leggings, socks and moccasins. He threw the police off his track when on the Fort Saskatchewan road by hopping on one toe at right angles to the road for about one hundred yards leaving only a track such as a dog might make. When the police were coming up to him he tried to frighten their horses by flapping his blanket at them, and when that was of no avail called to them to shoot. Before this escape he had several times freed himself from his shackles. Whatever may be the duty gentlemen's faults or failings, he is certainly chuck full of sand.—Edmonton Bulletin.

Was He Murdered by Sioux Indians?

MONTEBAY, N. W. T., Jan. 10.—Michael Manning, originally from near Prescott, Ont., left Montebay on the morning of the 5th inst. to go to his farm four miles east of the town. He has occasionally been manifesting signs of lunacy for some months past, and his friends at Montebay tried to persuade him not to go out that day as the weather was severe, but he would not be deterred. In the afternoon of the same day two friends drove out to his place, as he was living alone, to see if all was right. They could see, however, no evidence of his having returned to his home, and after searching for some hours returned to town. On the following day ten persons organized themselves into two parties to search for his whereabouts. No satisfactory trace of him, however, could be found. They are reported to have observed some things which seem to point to his having met with a violent death at the hands of some Sioux Indians camped near Montebay, with whom Manning was not on good terms. The police and citizens are on the search, and they are determined to follow it up.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? It so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children's Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers there is no mistake about it. It cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children contains is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is sold by all druggists throughout the world. "Frost-bitten a bottle. Be sure ask for 'Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,' and take no other kind.

FISH AS FOOD.

A Valuable and Cheap Article of Nutrition.

The many species that men consume giving them a great variety of flavors and many degrees of nourishment. In some parts of the earth fish form the chief sustenance of the people. In the frigid zone, fish are dried, ground to powder, and converted into a substitute for bread. Even part of fish forms the ordinary food of whole tribes of men. From the earliest period of mankind, fish has been their common nourishment.

The flesh of fish is less nutritious than meat, and differs in the amount of plastic and fatty matter they contain. But generally we may say that they contain seventy-five per cent. of water, fifteen per cent. of nitrogenous materials. The white fish, however, contains only three per cent. of fat and eighteen of plastic matter. Some are not easily digested in the human stomach. Others dissolve readily, and enter and mingle easily in the circulation of the blood. It may be well for the mother to know that some fish are poisonous at certain seasons of the year, and under the influence of certain kinds of food, especially in hot and unhealthy climates. They should not forget that various articles of ordinary diet vary in their influence upon the health and comfort of different children. Some can not safely eat veal, or mutton, milk or strawberries. Shell fish (as lobsters) may induce cholera in others; a special form of nettle rash may appear; and in still others, nervous maladies may be caused by eating certain kinds of fish. Such cases are very rare, and have been ascribed to the food on which some fishes live, and to the idiosyncrasy of persons so affected.

If fish do not yield as much nourishment as meat, still those who live chiefly on this diet usually maintain a healthy state of body, and discharge well the usual duties of active life. Fish-eating children ultimately make healthy and active men and women.

We may find it convenient to form two grades of fishes, namely, those that have white flesh and those that have red. The former have a looser texture than the latter, and so are more easily digested. Among the white-fleshed fish are the perch, haddock, sole, cod, etc. Their bodies usually contain but a small amount of fat, such as is usually recommended in the cod fish and its relatives, whose livers are ordinarily diseased with oil. White-fleshed fish, on an average, contain nearly eighteen per cent. of plastic matter, twenty-eight per cent. of water and four per cent. of fat.

The red-fleshed fishes, as the mackerel, herring, eel, salmon, etc., are distinguished by having fat mingled with the flesh, especially in the part below the belly. So the members of this group are richer, more nutritious, but less easily digested. The salmon, that prince of fishes, approaches meat in color, and yields more nourishment than any other member of the fishy tribe. The fat is mingled with the flesh of the muscles, and also exists in layers directly beneath the skin. In most fishes, the fat is in the belly part more than in the back, so that the former are not so suitable for children and weak stomachs.

The red-fleshed fishes are more nutritious, and harder of digestion than the white and white-fleshed ones. This latter class, cooked without much fat, is easily digested and assimilated in the weakest stomach and are particularly suitable as food for children.

The flavor of fish depends in part upon the species to which they belong, and partly upon the food they eat, and the place in which they live. Those that live in deep or quickly moving waters with gravelly bottoms are sweeter and more delicate than those that spend the days in shallow, slowly moving waters on muddy bottoms. The latter are not only less nutritious but tougher, harder to digest and have an earthy flavor. We ought to repeat that the fatty class of fishes require more digestive force than the lean, and so are not proper for young children. But they may be made more digestible by adding to them when cooking a little vinegar. All fish should be beheaded and cleaned as soon as caught. — *C. E. Allen, in Western Rural*

A party of gentlemen were shooting in the neighborhood of Blackwood, near Golligroes, when a valuable dog was bitten by a viper. The poor animal almost immediately showed symptoms of the venomous bite of the viper, in fainting, sickness and occasional vomiting. On the following day the keeper visited the same spot, and discovered the reptile basking on a heap of stones, a number of young vipers around her. When he approached her he could plainly see the mother opening her mouth, and the young vipers crawling in. When killed, eleven young ones made their appearance, alive and active, and of the same color as a mackerel. The length of the viper was two feet six inches, and the young vipers six inches each. — *London Times*.

A Complete Breakdown

"For ten years," says Jennie M. Harriet of Wallaceburg, Ont. "I did not see a well day, was all broken down with dyspepsia, liver complaint, catarrh and debility. Three doctors abandoned hope for me, when Burdock Blood Bitters came to my rescue. It's the best medicine I have ever taken. I say this for the benefit of all suffering as I did."

KIN YAI ME.

The Pretty Valentinian of the New York Woman's Medical College.

In the class of graduates for 1885 from the Women's Medical College in this city was a remarkable character in the person of Kin Yai Me, a Chinese student who graduated at the head of the class. Very little has been known of her because her guardians and adopted parents have been most zealous to prevent her from being interviewed during her college life. She speaks English better than some of her American friends; she wears No. 1 shoes, has the regulation almond-shaped eyes, bangs her hair, which is long and straight, and possesses all the politeness of her race as well as its color. Like the people she is one of, she has a remarkable memory, and this gift was one of the telling qualities that placed her above the average student.

When she was three years old she was left an orphan and adopted by the then United States Consul in China, Dr. McCarter. Her father was a converted Chinaman, and became a Presbyterian mission minister; he was also educated by Dr. McCarter, and devoted himself to the mission work among his own people in China. Both father and mother of Kin Yai Me died of cholera when she was three years of age, and the father left her to the care and education of his friend, who has well performed his trust. Dr. McCarter prepared her for the medical college, and being both talented and ambitious, she went into the study of medicine well coached and full of promise. So rare a specimen of how well she has been fostered by her adopted parents may be traced in the fact that Mrs. McCarter always escorted her charge home from the college on Second Avenue during her period of study. When she graduated she had won the highest position in the class, and during an interview with her she told one of the classmates she should return to China and practice among the women of her race, but to equip herself still more perfectly for that work she should study awhile longer before returning. Upon the subject of marriage Yai Me said:

"To marry outside of China would be an act never forgiven there; besides that, I shall never marry there either, for I shall be too old."

"Too old?" was the surprised reply. "Yes, I am an old maid. I shall be over twenty-one before I return, and that is too old for Chinese women to marry. At twenty-five years of age few Chinese women have any chances to marry. All marry between twelve and eighteen years of age."

"You might be an exception," was vouchsafed.

"No," she replied, "there are other reasons. I would not marry any but the older son. The wives of junior sons are all ruled by the wife of the oldest. They and their children are under her supervision, and you see I could only marry the oldest son, and I shall be too old to do so."

"How old were you when you entered the medical college?"

"Eighteen," she replied, "and although I have graduated, I have still much to accomplish before I take up my life work in China."

Kin Yai Me loves her profession—is, indeed, an enthusiast in it. Her marvelous memory was the comment of her class. The determination to spare her from undue publicity and note was rigidly enforced, but her scholarship and intended career induced an interest that can not longer be concealed. She is a Presbyterian in religion, while with her adopted parents, at least, and in the observance of the marriage customs of her own country, she still holds her allegiance in no small degree to the Celestial Kingdom. She has a brother who occupies some official position in China, and she resides for the present in Washington.

The subject of Kin Yai Me's thesis upon the event of graduating was "Notes on Chinese Materia Medica and Therapeutics." She speaks English quite as well as her own native tongue. — *N. Y. World*.

PERSONAL AND LITERARY.

Mark Twain says he set type in the Philadelphia Ledger office more than thirty years ago.

Henry Berg's three sons are all interested in the philanthropic projects of their father. — *N. Y. Sun*.

An English newspaper says that Parnell is soon to marry an American girl, a friend of his mother.

Mrs. Eliza M. Morgan, widow of ex-Governor Morgan, of New York, by her will leaves \$150,000 for charitable and church purposes. — *N. Y. Tribune*.

Governor Lloyd, of Maryland, is the third member of his family to hold that office, the first having attained it in 1799 and the second in 1802. — *Baltimore Sun*.

Twenty-two daughters at present live with their father, George Kiddle, of Carroll County, Mo. Also eight sons of the nine deceased sons of John Canton George Cook, of Hartsville, Tenn., still survive.

Rev. Dr. Carter, of Brooklyn, has been a busy man. In the last twenty-five years he has written three thousand articles for the newspapers, been a member of a score of societies, published ten volumes and done a great deal of other work. — *Brooklyn Eagle*.

Merrit has rarely risen of itself, but a pebble or a twig is often quite sufficient for it to spring from to the highest ascent. There is usually some base before there is any elevation.

A WICKED JOKE.

How a Practical Joker Played It on His Friend.

"I wonder what is the trouble between Puffer and Gambol and Sloan. They hate him like poison," remarked the Judge.

"Haven't you heard?" inquired the Major.

"No; what is it?"

"You know what a terrible hand Puffer writes? Some one told him once that he wrote a *distingue* hand, and it set him up so that he now writes worse than ever. Well, that happens to be his sensitive point. He prides himself on it. Gambol has a weak point, too—his eyes. He can't help being cross-eyed, but it worries him all the same. When he goes to the theater he sits with his back to the stage to see the performance. He is a first-rate fellow, though. About a month ago, Gambol asked Sloan to introduce him to Puffer. Now, Sloan can't help playing a practical joke any more than he can live without eating. 'I'll arrange that for to-morrow,' answered Sloan; but you had better take a pad of paper and a pencil along with you. He is as deaf as a post, poor fellow. He can't even hear the foreman swear at his copy. He is terribly sensitive about it, too. So when you meet him just act as if you knew all about it. I'll see you at his office at noon to-morrow."

A few minutes later Sloan was seated in the editorial rooms of the *Leader*.

"I want to bring a friend up here to meet you to-morrow," he remarked to Puffer.

"Glad to meet any friend of yours," responded the editor.

"He is a friend of yours, too," replied Sloan. "He greatly admires your editorials. There is one peculiarity about him, though."

"What's that?"

"He's deaf as a clam. He can't hear it thunder. He doesn't know it's raining until he misses his umbrella. He is very touchy on that point, and you had better have some paper and a pencil ready for him when he comes and act as if you always knew he was deaf. It will make him feel easier."

The next day at noon Sloan and his visitor entered the *Leader* office. Puffer was waiting for them. Sloan took their cards, and gave Puffer's to Gambol, and vice versa. Both men smiled at each other, encouragingly, and, producing pads of paper big enough to write a President's message on, sat down beside the editorial desk.

"I am glad to meet you," wrote Puffer, on his pad.

Gambol took the scrap and looked at it, first out of one eye and then out of the other. A puzzled look came over his face. Finally he turned the paper upside down, and a light of intelligence broke upon his countenance. Taking up his pencil, he wrote:

"I am ever very sorry to hear it, but I can't ever try Simpson's extract," said Gambol, looking back to Puffer.

When Puffer read this his mouth opened with astonishment. He took his pencil and wrote on the bottom of the sheet:

A WOMAN IN CONGRESS TWENTY EIGHT YEARS AGO.

In response to inquiries elicited by recent references to anti-bellum sermons on the floor of Congress, we print a short account, as published in the papers at the time, of one which occurred in February, 1857, in the discussion in the House on the attempt to admit Kansas as a slave state, under the Lecompton constitution, between Galusha A. Grow, of Pennsylvania, and Lawrence M. Keitt, of South Carolina.

The conversation which led to this debate and awakened the sleeping members was in this wise: Grow was on the side of the House occupied by Southern members, and objected to Keitt making any remarks. Keitt said: "If you are going to object, return to your own side of the House." Grow replied: "This is a free hall; every man has a right to be where he pleases." Keitt then came nearer to Grow, and said: "I want to know what you mean by such an answer as that?" Grow replied, repeating what he had said before. Keitt seized Grow by the throat, saying: "I will let you know that you are a black Republican puppy." Grow knocked up his hand, exclaiming: "I shall occupy such place in the House as I please, and no negro-driver shall crack his whip over me." Keitt again grasped Grow by the throat and again his hand was knocked off and Grow knocked him squarely down. The respective friends of the party rushed to the fray. Blows fell thick and fast. Washburne, of Illinois, and Potter, of Wisconsin, towered among the combatants. At this critical juncture, Covode, of Pennsylvania, seized a spittoon. He balanced it for a moment in the air. The objective point was the head of Barksdale, of Mississippi, who was approaching him of the spittoon in a menacing attitude. But Barksdale's wig fell off and Covode lowered his suspended missile. Meanwhile, the Sergeant-at-arms was running here and there just "like the peewee," exhibiting his mace—without effect. It was near 2 o'clock in the morning when these "proceedings" took place. — *Philadelphia Press*.

DISSOLUTION

OF

PARTNERSHIP SALE.

ATKINSON & NATION'S

GIGANTIC STOCK

OF

\$40,000 DOLLARS WORTH \$40,000

OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

READY-MADE CLOTHING

FUR GOODS,

Gents' Furnishings,

BOOTS & SHOES

AND

GROCERIES, THROWN ON THE MARKET

You all know the kind of a stock we carry so that further comment is unnecessary.

The Stock has to be reduced at least \$25,000, by the Middle of February, and the finest Stock of Goods ever shown in Brandon has to be got rid of at the People's Prices.

Come everybody it will pay you, to the great sale now in full blast at

CHEAPSIDE. Atkinson & Nation.

N. B.—All goods sold for cash only and all parties indebted to above are requested to settle at once.

NORTH WEST ITEMS.

John Morrison has accepted a situation as teacher in Roselle school.

A new hotel will be opened at Shoal Lake about the 15th instant.

The new Hudson Bay store at Shoal Lake was opened at Christmas.

Including branches the M. N. W. Railway has 207 miles of road finished.

The new roller mill and grain elevator at Shoal Lake will be completed about the first of March.

It is reported that a valuable discovery of coal has been made in the woods north of Assiniboia.

The Dominion Express Co. have opened offices at Rapid City and at Blue Earth, Russell and Langenburg.

The new postal card issued by the Department is a very fine one and much superior to the old card.

The new Municipal Act provides that all assessments be made in January of each year.

From the fax seed grown in this country a very good article of oil cake is manufactured at Winnipeg and is offered for sale by merchants here.

Farmers should be careful not to sell too much wheat at the present low prices. Farmers who now sell at fifty cents will have to buy at a dollar.

Mr. R. W. Baker does not approve of the men employed by the company giving presents to officers of the railway and has prohibited such gifts.

The people of Beulah are agitating for mail service by rail and the M. N. W. Railway is inclined by the C.P.R. and Elkhorn.

The other day Mr. M. W. Davey, of age 40, shot twelve prairie chickens at one shot. The birds were feeding amongst chest in the hayrack when the fatal shot was fired.

A petition has been circulated asking the council of the municipality of Beulah to grant a bonus to aid in the construction of a roller mill to be erected near Leithburn.

The papers have been trying to explain how it was that the leader of the Opposition had such a small majority. The reason was simply that the people voted against him.

Application will be made to the Dominion Parliament at its next sitting for a charter for a line of railway from Rapid City to the mouth of Bird Tail Creek, and northwesterly to Yorkton, Assn.

As an inducement to purchasers Ontario millers advertise that their flour is made from Manitoba wheat. The fact that the country produce grain which makes the best bread in the world should not be lost sight of and is an advantage of untold value to the country.

A letter from Mr. A. F. Eden, land commissioner of the Manitoba & Northwestern railway, who is at present in England says: "Things here point to a good year for us all in 1887. I find a good deal of interest in the railway in our country. Organisation by the residents in Winnipeg has been a great help to construction."—*Manitoba Tribune*.

A number of the ratepayers from the Municipalities of Woodworth and Sifton met at the Golden House, Oak Lake, on the 3d inst., to take steps towards forming an Agricultural Society. It was moved by W. J. Hellwell, seconded by Geo. Campbell. That whereas it appears that the County of Dennis Agricultural Society is not managed in the interest of the county at large, inasmuch as the directors and Board of Management are, with the exception of two, residents of the Municipality of Wallace, these two being residents of the Municipality of Pipestone, leaving the Municipalities of Sifton and Woodworth without any representation on the Board of Directors, therefore this meeting deem it expedient to form a second Agricultural Society.—*Carroll*.

There are now 111 names on the Voters' list.

Mr. W. Shark returned from Pilot Mound last Friday.

The County L. O. L. will meet at Brandon on Tuesday, Feb. 1st.

The Union Union Sunday School at present consists of 12 officers and teachers, 20 young people, in the table class and 70 scholars.

On Saturday last, when Mr. Prater, the Assessor for Saskatchewan, was asked the amount to allow him extra expenses to cover the cost of board while going his rounds, a vote in the hall remarked that he should take a lunch in his pocket.

Henderson's Manitoba and Northwest Gazetteer and Directory of 1887 is a volume of 750 pages, replete with valuable information about Northwest business interests from Port Arthur to Portland.

The examination for teachers' certificates for the Northwest Territories commenced Tuesday at the following places: Regina, Mooseman, Fort Qu'Appelle, Calgary, Fort Macleod, Prince Albert, St. Albert, Edmonton, and Battleford.

Killarney prices are: Wheat 50c to 55c; oats 30c; dressed beef 40c; ducks 10c; chickens 4c; butter 20c; eggs 25c per dozen; hay \$5 per ton; cornwood 50c; oak \$5; poplar \$3; dressed pork, 4 to 4 1/2c.

The mammoth flour mill which will shortly be erected at Neepawa by Messrs. Mathew and Mitchell, in association with Eastern Canadian capitalists, will have a capacity of 8000 barrels per day, and there will be an elevator with a capacity of half a million bushels. It is also stated elevators and storehouses will be erected at all principal wheat markets in Manitoba, so that it will be readily seen that the enterprise is a very important one.

It will be remembered that a few weeks ago the Sen announced that Mr. L. M. Ross, the railway contractor, would go over the country from Fort Assiniboia to Duluth in the interests of American mining capitalists who purposed building a railway between those two points. Mr. Ross has returned to the city, and to a reporter stated that he had made the trip in a day, and had examined the country thoroughly. He was surprised at finding it so easily accessible by rail, and that it was only 110 miles, and that the country is rich in mineral resources. Mr. Ross says there are some of the finest iron and silver deposits along the proposed line in the world. He believes it would cost about \$15,000,000 per mile to build the road. The report that he will send to the capitalists will be the most favorable one.

Mr. F. Preston, who lives near Beulah, lost one of his horses the other day. The animal fell into an improperly covered well. This is the third or fourth accident of the same kind which has happened in this district within the last few months.

We understand that the Rapid City Milling Company are about to erect an elevator.

In a few days Mr. R. E. McGregor will bring to Rapid City a number of well-bred broodmares. This is a splendid opportunity for farmers to purchase first-class breeding horses on easy terms. Mr. McGregor is well known to the people of this district as a thoroughly reliable man who will take an advantage of his customers, as horse-dealers sometimes do.

The first consignment of machinery for the mill at Rapid City has arrived, and a staff of millwrights are busy engaged placing it in position. Mr. Miller, the superintendent, informs that an additional staff of workmen from Galt are on their way, and a sufficient force will be engaged to have everything completed before the 10th of March. Three car-loads of machinery are expected daily. The almost expedition will be used to have the mill in operation as soon as possible. The following are the names of the millwrights from Galt, Johnston, John Murray, and Thomas Johnston.

As Mr. John Holthe was walking through Stn. 23, 12-10, he heard a rattling in one of the trees, on looking up, there sat a lynx staring at him, they viewed each other in silence, then John, not having any weapon with him to attack this ferocious looking animal, he hurried to his home for dogs and gun. On returning to the spot where he had seen the lynx, it had disappeared, but the dogs soon drove it from its hiding place and it again climbed a tree. He fired at it and the animal fell dead at his feet. The length of the animal from nose to tip of tail, was three feet ten inches; round the body, two feet; fore legs, ten inches round. The face, teeth and claws resembled those of a cat; ears short and pointed, of a light gray color, edged with black, with a tuft of black hair pointing forward on the tip of each; fur on the back light gray and brown; body underneath light with black spots; legs the same color with black bars; tail, grey with black tip, four inches long and four inches in circumference.

REGINA, Jan. 12.—Seed Grain Commissioner Smyth, of Winnipeg, is here, and he is conferring with Messrs. Davis and Kelly, the special committee on behalf of the farmers. The amount at the disposal of the Dominion Government is \$14,000 for seed grain. Security on the part of farmers taking grain is required, and grain is returnable the 1st of November, 1888. Mr. Smyth had a long conference with representative farmers. The farmers of this district held some objections to giving a lien as security for grain advanced, but as the matter was explained their objections disappeared. The object of Mr. Smyth's visit was to confer with agricultural men of the various sub-districts of Assiniboia, explain the conditions under which grain would be advanced and obtain a list of the quantities needed. Mr. Davis submitted a requisition for Regina district for 15,000 bushels of oats and 15,000 bushels of wheat, and for Leam Lake settlement 3,000 bushels of wheat and 3,000 of oats. Mr. Goss submitted a requisition from Assiniboia for 5,000 bushels of each kind. An effort was made to have the time made two years short of one, claiming that the time was too short, but it is not likely that the conditions submitted by Mr. Smyth will be altered. Mr. Smyth has left for Winnipeg.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 10.—The Indianapolis and Vincennes passenger train leaving tonight was thrown from the track about three miles from the city by a broken rail. The train was running at a high speed and all the coaches left the track, rolling down an embankment. There were about 75 passengers aboard, all of whom were more or less injured, but no one was killed.

La Minerve, the French Conservative paper, has announced officially that the proprietors of the Toronto Mail having refused to discontinue the attacks upon the French Canadian, the party leaders have determined to establish a new journal at Toronto, which shall be recognized as the organ of the Conservative party.

Dan Dunn and Henry Carey, two well-known railway contractors, have been given the contract of building the Grand Staircase branch from the track about the Algona Falls to the west. Their engagement covers clearing the whole length and the work of construction except laying the metal. Corbett and Kemp have contracted for six miles of track work on the same line. The road will be completed the coming summer and will then unite with the Minneapolis,ault Ste. Marie & Atlantic line, forming an almost direct route from St. Paul to the seaboard.

QUINCY, Jan. 11.—Excitement has been caused here among navy pensioners, men and women, by the receipt from the admiralty of a circular which bids such pensioners as are under 45 to hold themselves in readiness for active service. They are also immediately to answer questions as to age, whether the pension is a long service or an invalid one, whether the pensioner is a gunner or torpedo artillerist, to state his rating, also to mention the nearest warship he can attend for the purpose of being examined, etc. All travelling expenses are to be paid by the Government, which will allow 50 shillings for rail and 20 shillings and six pence for bedding. The following order is printed in red letters:

"When called upon, immediately proceed and report to the commanding officer of the district. The penalty for not reporting is the loss of pension. It may be that the delinquent may be arrested and punished as a deserter."

Since the American War only one such circular has been addressed to pensioners, the last occasion being during the Russian scare when an outbreak of hostilities was considered imminent. Consequently considerable alarm prevails among the families of pensioners, who regard the order as an indication that the Government apprehends war.

A GENTLEMAN.

Having been cured of Nervous Prostration, Sexual Weakness, Premature Decay, and all the evil effects of early indiscretion, and yielding fully, I wish to make known to others the simple mode of self cure. To those who would and will give him their symptoms, he will send direct to return mail a copy of the recipe so successfully used in his case.

Address in confidence, JAMES W. DUNN, 42 Cedar St., N. Y.

CAMPBELL'S CATHARTIC COMPOUND



is effective in small doses, acts without griping, does not occasion nausea, and will not create irritation and constipation as do many of the usual cathartics administered in the form of Pills, &c.

Ladies and Children having the most sensitive stomachs take this medicine without trouble or complaint.

CAMPBELL'S CATHARTIC COMPOUND is especially adapted for the cure of LIVER COMPLAINTS AND BILIOUS DISORDERS.

FOR ACID STOMACH AND LOSS OF APPETITE.

FOR SICK HEADACHE AND DYSPEPSIA.

FOR CONSTIPATION OR CONSTRICTED BOWELS.

FOR ALL COMPLAINTS ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STATE OF THE STOMACH.

This medicine being in liquid form, the dose can be easily regulated to meet the requirements of different persons, thus making it equally well adapted to the use of the little child as to the adult. Put up in three ounce bottles, and sold by all druggists in family medicines.

Price Retail, 25 Cents.

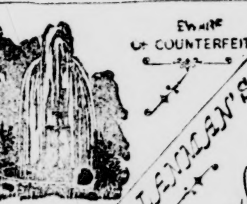


BRISTOL'S Sarsaparilla
The Best Purifier
3000 AND UNDER

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE
BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, INDIGESTION, JAUNDICE, ERYSIPELAS, SALT RHEUM, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE,
DIZZINESS, DROPSY, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH, BOWELS OR BLOOD.

T. MILBURN & CO., PROPRIETORS, TORONTO.



MURRAY & LEITCH'S
Florida Water
The Universal Restorative
MANUFACTURED BY THE
TOILET AND
BATH

DE FOWLER'S EXTRACT OF WILD STRAWBERRY CATHARTIC

FOR COLIC, CHOLERA, INFANTILE COMPLAINTS, AND ALL SUMMER COMPLAINTS.

ESTRAY.

Came onto the premises of the undersigned, about the 15th Nov., a BRED COW, the owner can have same by proving property and paying expenses.
W. F. TAYLOR,
Sec. 25, Tp. 10, R. 12.

Canadian Pacific Railway.

Western Division.

TRAIN SERVICE.

CHANGE: TIME

On and after Feb. 15, 1886, trains will move as follows:

Going West.	Winnipeg	Going East.
8:00 a.m. Leave	Winnipeg	Arrive 5:30 a.m.
1:10 p.m. Portage la Prairie		2:35 p.m.
1:40 p.m. Carberry		11:40 a.m.
3:15 p.m. Brandon		9:15 p.m.
9:10 p.m. Broadview		2:40 a.m.
2:40 a.m. Regina		9:30 p.m.
6:25 a.m. Moose Jaw		7:30 p.m.
1:25 p.m. Swift Current		11:45 p.m.
6:25 p.m. Maple Creek		1:40 a.m.
10:40 a.m. Arrive Medicine Hat		Leave 1:30 a.m.

Going South.	Winnipeg	Going North.
8:55 a.m. Leave	Winnipeg	Arrive 5:20 p.m.
9:45 a.m. Emerson		2:50 p.m.
12:50 a.m. Going South.		
8:55 a.m. Leave	Winnipeg	Arrive 1:00 p.m.
11:00 a.m. Stoney Mountain		3:10 p.m.
12:35 p.m. Grates		1:20 p.m.

SPECIAL NOTICE.
Magnificent Palace Sleeping Cars will be run on all through passenger trains between Winnipeg and Brandon and Winnipeg and Port Arthur.

Trains move on Winnipeg time.
JOHN M. ROAN, Gen. Superintendent. W. O. VAN BORNE, Gen. Manager.

SPECIAL NOTICE

To Merchants Throughout the Country.

McCOLL'S LARDINE,

Pronounced on all sides to be the BEST OIL going for Mowing and Threshing Machines. It does not gum, and wears fully as well as Castor or Sweet Oil, and is only about one half the price. Give our traveller an order, or send for sample lot.

McCOLL BROS. & CO.,
TORONTO, ONTARIO.

ROSE & CO.,

CHEMISTS & DRUGGISTS.

Rosser Av., Brandon,

(NEXT DOOR TO IMPERIAL BANK)

PURE DRUGS AND CHEMICALS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

SPICES,

PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES

A lot of Pears' Soap just received

A competent dispenser on hand night & day

HEALTH FOR ALL!

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS & OINTMENT.

THE PILLS

Purify the Blood, correct all Disorders of the

LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

They invigorate and restore to health Debilitated Constitutions, and are invaluable in all Complaints incidental to Females of all ages. For children and the aged they are precious.

THE OINTMENT

Is an infallible remedy for Bad Legs, Bad Breasts, Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers. It cures Gonorrhea and Rheumatism. For disorders of the Chest it has no equal.

For Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds.

Glandular Swellings, and all Skin Diseases it has no rival; and for contracted and stiff joints it acts like a charm.

Manufactured only at Thomas Holloway's Establishment,

75, NEW OXFORD STREET (OR 531 OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

And are sold at 1/2, 2/6, 3/6, 4/6, 5/6, 6/6, 7/6, 8/6, 9/6, 10/6, 11/6, 12/6, and 13/6, and are sold at 1/6, 2/6, 3/6, 4/6, 5/6, 6/6, 7/6, 8/6, 9/6, 10/6, 11/6, 12/6, and 13/6.

20 Farthings should come to the end of the box on the Pils and Ointment. If the address is not 133, Oxford St., London, they are spurious.

For a full list of the diseases cured by Holloway's Pills and Ointment, see the list on the back of the box.

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WILLIAM PENN'S RAPACITY.

The Delaware Fishing Question—A Grant that has been Disputed for Two Hundred Years.

The Delaware fishing question is an example of the cases which have made every lawyer of prominence in New Jersey an angler, with all sorts of curious facts at his finger's ends. Ex-Judge General Robert Gilchrist engaged in the fishery case in 1873, and has been associated with Cortland Parker, John P. Stockton, ex-Secretary of the State, and others in its discussion. Secretary Bayard has championed the claims of Delaware. The Gilchrist's connection with the case is well known, and is familiar to the members of the Duke of York and the Duke of Devonshire. William Penn, whose name has been successful in fishing about anything he wanted to do, took up the latter on a small piece of land in the River Thames, and the dispute has been going on ever since. The Delaware and the Duke of York have been fishing in the Delaware Bay for a hundred years ago, and the Duke of York has been fishing in the Delaware Bay for a hundred years ago.

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—You won't hire another?"

"Wall, I can't just say. Work is powerfully pressing, but I'm going slow. Before I hire him I want to know whether he's a man who'll pass his plate for more meat and taters, and whether we've got to use starch in doing up his shirts. The last man I had took me to task for not holding family prayers twice a day, and after I had done so I found it was only a game of his to beat me out of half an hour a day. He thought he had a pretty soft thing, and he looked mighty lonesome when I cut 'Old Hundred' down to twolines and got through with the Lord's Prayer in forty seconds."—*Detroit Free Press.*

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

—A turnip closely resembling an elephant is on exhibition at Key West. A man closely resembling a bear can be seen almost anywhere. —*Chicago Times.*

—A Vermont husband got wind of the proposed elopement of his wife, and frustrated it by keeping guard over her silk dress. She wouldn't run away in a calico gown, and he knew it. —*Town Teller.*

—New teachers are employed by the Government in Germany to travel from place to place and give instructions in bee culture. It is said that the German rural schoolmaster is examined in bee culture before he is granted a diploma as a competent teacher.

—The Baptist Conference in Boston at its recent session discussed quite at length the subject of "mind cure." The decision arrived at was that the theory and practice of this cure, as now professed and carried on, may perhaps constitute a science, but it can not claim the designation "Christian." —*Boston Journal.*

The new historic name of Batoche is derived from a settler of the name of Francis Xavier Batoche, who is the principal citizen of the town and still living. The name is common among French Canadians, especially in the country parts, as an abbreviation or corruption of the word "Baptiste." —*London Traveller.*

Preliminaries for summoning a general council of the Roman Catholic Church are under consideration. The chief question to be proposed for consideration has reference to the "internal administration of the Church," which has been a matter of deep grave and increasing concern to Pope Leo XIII. The council, it is added, will assemble next spring, with a programme formulated almost solely by the Pope himself. —*N. Y. Herald.*

President Webb, of Mississippi College, was interviewed by a young man who wanted to go to school. "Well," said the President, "what do you know?" "Nothing," was the response. "Well, you are just four years ahead of some of the other pupils. It takes them four years to learn what you know to start with. Your prospects are fine, son." —*N. Y. Post.*

The Death Penalty.

Edmund Keenan, previous to the adoption of a penitentiary system in Kentucky, was executed by hanging. The execution was attended by a large number of people, and the executioner was a man of the name of Smith, who had been reading the Bible to the condemned man.

Five persons hanging or standing with a slave in rebellion or murder.

Death.

Stealing or selling a free person for a slave. Death.

Stealing a slave. Death.

Murder of the first degree. Death.

Robbing or accessory before the fact. Death.

Burglary. Death.

Manslaughter. Death.

Putting out the eye, etc., and aiding therein. Death.

Killing a person in a duel. Death.

Rape, or accessory thereto. Death.

Barbarically knowing or abusing a child under ten years of age, or accessory before the fact. Death.

Slaves wilfully burning any one, etc. Death.

Willfully setting fire to a house in town at night. Death.

Perjury and subornation of perjury. Death.

Forgery of any coin, bank notes, or aiding in such forgery. Death.

Forgery of any check, post note or order on any bank, etc. Death.

Forging or counterfeiting any tobacco brand, or exporting tobacco with any such brand or mark, with intent to defraud. Death.

Destroying or concealing any codicil or will, or aiding therein. Death.

Obtaining goods or money by false tokens. Death.

Horse-stealing. Death.

Embezzling or stealing, and taking away any record, writ, return, process, warrant, etc., of any court. Death.

Grand larceny. Death.

Breaking jail, when the party was committed for any crime punishable with death. Death, without benefit of clergy.

All felonies were punished with death by hanging without benefit of clergy. (Va Stat. 1800)

Verd's Hum-mering

In a long letter from John. H. Hall of Batoche, Cape Breton, N. S. he says: "I believe were it not for Batoche blood bitters I should be as my grave." It cured me of kidney and liver complaint and general debility, which had nearly proved fatal.

MISCELLANEOUS.

—The report of the South African Postmaster General for the year 1884 shows that the weight of diamonds which passed through the postoffice during that year was 1,811 pounds, eight ounces.

—It is said that no man ever made an impromptu speech with which he was entirely satisfied. The best way to make an impromptu speech, and not feel bad about it afterward, is to get somebody to do it for you. —*Chicago Ledger.*

—Some idea of the immigration to Texas from the older Southern States since the war, says the *Lancet Times*, may be had from the notices of residents of Alabama, Georgia, Virginia, "Black Horse," etc., in various portions of Texas.

—"Lenses of rock crystal taken from the ruins of Nineveh," said a member at the meeting of the microscopists, in Cleveland, the other day, "suggests that microscopes may have been used in those days." No one knows, indeed, who did invent the magnifying glass.

—Some of the soil in Manitoba, analyzed, showed that the only element of fertility threatening to become deficient was lime. The proportion of nitrogen was greater than in the best English pasture soils, and potash and phosphoric acid were abundant. Magnesia was in large quantity, which is important in the raising of wheat. —*Chicago Herald.*

—Why is it that the traveler will get in a common Austrian or Bavarian hotel, a better one of "morning glory" than he will find in the best hotels of New York or Boston? Is it that the "congregated plan" will not apply to coffee making—that is, you can not make coffee by the gallon for hundred? Whatever be the reason this is the one great defect of the American hotel. —*N. Y. Times.*

—For some days past a band of gypsies have been encamped near Portland, and several of them have paid us brief visits. They say they have wandered all over the United States, the head of the family having come here some twelve years ago. A dark-skinned leader of the band is a fortune teller. She says she met Queen Victoria in the Highlands of Scotland and told her fortune. She was asked if they regarded it as a high honor, and replied, "No, my people were great when her people were unknown, and then she only gave me a shilling." —*London Free Press.*

—A boy was lying his kite on the common near Cedar Avenue, east of the Cleveland & Pittsburgh Railroad, Saturday morning. Some one was driving a herd of cows, and the cow in the lead got entangled in the kite string. Away she went, and in the first reaction to catch herself. The kite soared aloft, about fifteen feet above the cow, and the whole herd took after her. The boy did not want to lose his kite, and he with some men joined in pursuit. The scene was ludicrous in the extreme to observers. —*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

—It is a common mistake to regard the term negro as synonymous with Africa. The word negro does not denote a nation, but an dual type constituted by the assemblage of certain physical characteristics common to the natives of certain portions of Africa and their descendants in America and the West Indies. As a rule the prevalent color in Africa is that of the Arab, the Indian and the Australian. The true negro districts are the Senegal, the Gambia, the Niger and the intermediate rivers of the coast, parts of Senegal, Senegal, Kordofan and Darfur. —*Philadelphia Press.*

The area of Chatham, on Cape Cod, which is quite popular as a summer resort, grows smaller every year, the onslaught of the ocean, when storms prevail, or taking away the land was washed. Where the main street of the village was twenty years ago, the surf of the Atlantic rolls. Several cottages, of fishermen and villagers, situated near the bluff, have been undermined in years past, and several buildings have recently been abandoned as unsafe. The original fishing hamlet is rapidly going out to sea, and the old village will be entirely obliterated before long. —*Boston Herald.*

Balks of timber, artistically followed out, nicely packed with tobacco and cigars and neatly closed at the ends, are the latest thing out in England for smuggling purposes. One of these planked balks recently struck a quay, was split open and inconsiderately gave away the secret of its innmost being. A still hunt for balks of timber is now the favorite pastime of English custom officers.

A Sure Thing:

A Sure Cure for summer complaints.—Procure from your druggist one 37½ cent bottle of Dr. Fowler's extract of wild strawberry and use according to directions. It is infallible for Diarrhoea, cholera morbus, canker of the stomach and bowels, and cholera infantum.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY.

DR. LEDUC'S PERIODICAL PILLS.

These pills are compounded from the purest drugs, from those only which are known to act on the Generative organs in families. It is well known fact that a very large proportion of deaths to which females are liable are the direct result of suppressed or disordered menstruation, and it is necessary therefore that a safe and reliable remedy for the cure of these diseases be placed within the reach of every one. Dr. Leduc's pills are the oldest, most generally used, and most reliable remedy for the cure of these diseases. They have been introduced here driven every one's notice out of the market. They were first introduced into France, France, by Dr. Leduc in 1859, and have since gained the confidence of the public that they have for years been the standing remedy in every household. As they are druggists for them, ladies finding these pills failing to cure their disorder will be refunded their money in every case, but must not be taken during the first five months of pregnancy. The genuine can only be obtained from the sole agent, N. J. Halpin, Chemist and Druggist, Medical Hall, Brandon, Me.

Auction Sale!

—AT THE—
BRANDON REPOSITORY
Wednesday, Jan. 19, 1887.
Horses, Horned Stock, Pigs,
Poultry, Rolling Stock and
implements of every
description.

These sales take place only on the third Wednesday of every month.

CHAS. PILLING, Auctioneer.



ALLEN'S
LUNG BALM

Allen's Lung Balm is a powerful remedy for all kinds of lung diseases, such as Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption. It is made from the finest ingredients and is guaranteed to cure all cases of lung trouble. It is sold by all druggists and is very cheap.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS AT 25 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

Prepared by R. Y. Allen, at the

Brandon Repository.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALM

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THE RED FLAG!

MESSRS. SOMERVILLE & CO.

Have secured another

LARGE BANKRUPT STOCK

in Winnipeg.

\$15,000.00 WORTH OF GOODS

Which will be opened up about the 24th inst, and

SLAUGHTERED AT 50 CENTS ON THE \$

Don't buy a dollar's worth of goods until you see their stock.

REMEMBER we have removed from the corner of 6th Street to

THE PREMISES FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY GEO. CRAIG & CO.,

Opposite the Queen's Hotel.

SOMERVILLE & CO.

REGULAR VISIT TO BRANDON.

TO SUPPORTERS FROM CATARRH, DRAPESS, RENOVATION, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, AND ALL DISEASES OF THE LUNG, THROAT AND LUNGS.

The Surgeons from the International Farat and Lung Institute, 173 Church St., Toronto, will be at the "Grand View Hotel," Brandon, Friday and Saturday.

February 18 and 19,

For the Special Treatment of the above named diseases which are cured by the Spasmodic, the invention of Dr. Souville, of Paris. Marvellous success has been achieved in the cure of all Nasal, Throat and Lung diseases. It is the best known treatment in the world for diseases of the Respiratory Organs, and is a positive cure for Consumption in its early stages. They have not failed during the last ten years to cure every case of Asthma and Bronchitis which they have undertaken, regardless of the severity of the case, length of time it has stood, or age of patient. Catarrh and Catarrhed Deafness, which has baffled the skill of all other systems, can be permanently cured after a few weeks of the Ankerpne treatment administered by the Spasmodic. Testimonials of patients cured in Manitoba.

R. H. Curtis, Postage la Prairie, says: I was cured of Chronic Catarrh in less than six weeks by Dr. Souville's Spasmodic.

Miss L. Hall, 31 Vict. St., Winnipeg, says: I was cured of a very bad type of Catarrh by the Spasmodic after all other remedies failed.

The Starr Kidney Pad.

A PERMANENT.
Sure Cure for Diseases,

Disorders and ailments of the kidneys, bladder and urinary system, or attendant complications, causing pain in small of back, neck, etc., producing urinary disorders, such as too frequent, scanty, difficult, painful or copious micturition, inability of retention and involuntary urine discharges, etc., denoting the presence in the system of diseases common to the urinary system, known as Catarrh, Gravel, Gout, Diabetes, Dropsy, Piles, Nervous debility, etc., etc. Pamphlet and testimonials can be obtained from drug stores free. Prices—Child's pad, \$1.50; adults pad, with writing, regular pad, \$2. Special pad for chronic diseases, \$3.

Good Results.—As the Starr Kidney Pad Co. of Toronto are again introducing in this province their famous cure, it is only fair to call attention to the long period of success which has greeted their great antidote for so many distressing diseases. The innumerable complaints of diabetes and Bright's disease of the kidneys are affirmed by reliable people to yield to the persevering application of this company's pads which have an equal in the medical treatment of lame backs and all weakness of the bladder and pelvic urinary organs. Victoria Column, Sept. 11, 1890. The pads can only be obtained from the sole agent, Medical Hall, N. J. Haplin, Chemist and Druggist, Brandon, Man.

Perfect Fits.

IF YOU WANT A

Cheap & Neat Fitting Suit

—Call on—

L. STOCKTON,

Next to Dr. Fleming's Drug Store.

Fashionable Winter Suits
FROM \$16 UP.

All work guaranteed to give satisfaction. Bring along your cash and we will make prices suit you.

L. STOCKTON,
Pioneer Tailor.

CALL AT

A. O. KERR'S

For Sample Package

Pure Gold Baking Powder,

One trial will convince you it is the

BEST.

Starwberry, Raspberry

AND

BLACK CURRANT JAM

BY THE FOUND.

TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS & GROCERIES

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

CHOICE BISCUITS

in great variety.

FARM PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between me and the undersigned, as Blacksmiths, under the name of Wilson & Carrick, at the city of Brandon, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts owing to the said Partnership are to be paid to William Wilson at Brandon, stored, and all claims against the said Partnership are to be presented to the said William Wilson, by whom the same will be settled.

Dated at Brandon this twenty-ninth day of November A. D. 1895.

WITNESSES: WILLIAM WILSON,
W. A. MACDONALD, JAMES CARRICK.

Ask Your Druggist for

DR. BELL'S

MEDICAL DISCOVERY

FOR

Weak, Nervous and Debilitated Men.

A Prompt, Positive and Permanent Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness, Premature Decay, and all Urinary Troubles, no matter how induced, or of how long standing. It restores to perfect health the Young, Middle Aged and Old. This Medicine is reliable, has never failed, or ever will fail, to cure speedily and thoroughly, every case when used as directed, and the advice given is strictly adhered to. It is convenient in form, pleasant to take, and does not interfere with business pursuits. Endorsed by thousands who have used it. Be sure you obtain Dr. Bell's Medical Discovery, and take no other. Your druggist will order it for you if not on sale, or by mail on receipt of

Price, One Dollar.

Three to Five packages will cure obstinate cases that have resisted every other form of treatment. Prepared only by

The Bell Medicine Co.,

817 & 819 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

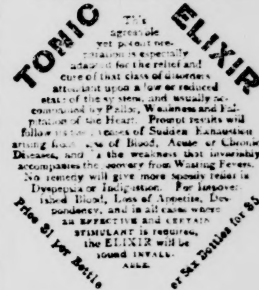


FREEMAN'S

WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Do not require other medicine.

CAMPBELL'S



Sole by all Dealers in Medicine.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO. (Limited).

SOLE AGENTS: MONTREAL, P. Q.

SMALL-POX!

Marks Can be Removed.

LEON & CO.

London, Perfumers to H. M. the Queen, have invented and patented the world-renowned

Obliterator,

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